

2026 S&P 500 New Director Snapshot



Class of 2026: S&P 500 boards appoint more CEOs

Board refreshment slows

S&P 500 boards appointed 364 new independent directors in 2026, out of a total of 5,204 — the lowest number of new directors since 2016. Overall turnover remains low, declining from 0.8 new directors per board last year to 0.7 in 2026.

NEW INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS AND TURNOVER

	2026	2025	2021	2016
Number of new independent directors	364	374	456	345
Boards with at least one new independent director	50%	50%	59%	48%
Boards with more than one new independent director	18%	16%	21%	18%
Turnover (new directors as a % of total directors)	7%	7%	9%	7%

In previous years, declines in director appointments generally mirrored the number of directors leaving boards. For example, 374 directors departed S&P 500 boards in 2024, matching the number of new director appointments in 2025. That pattern did not continue in 2026: 418 directors left boards last year, 15% higher than this year’s appointments.

Highlights: New S&P 500 directors

CEO BACKGROUNDS TAKE PRIORITY IN THE BOARDROOM

S&P 500 boards appointed fewer directors this year, but more of these new directors have proven executive leadership experience.

BOARDS ARE MAKING FEWER APPOINTMENTS

364

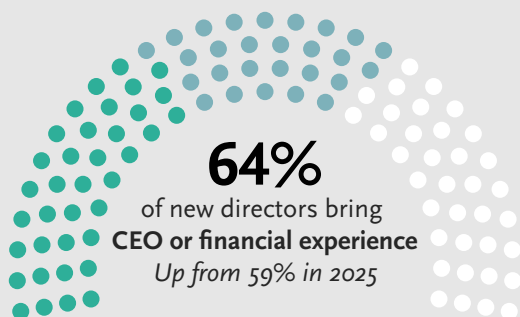
new directors
The lowest level since 2016

50%

of boards appointed at least one
new independent director
Unchanged from 2025

7%

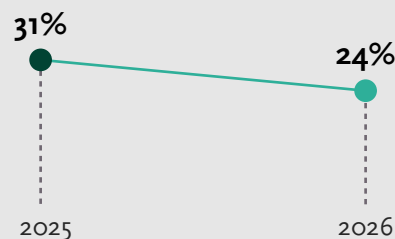
of all directors are new appointees
Unchanged from 2025



- 37% of boards appointed new directors with **CEO experience (active or retired)**
Up from 30% in 2025
- 27% of boards appointed new directors with **financial backgrounds**
Down from 29% in 2025

THEY ARE FAVORING EXPERIENCED DIRECTORS

First-time director appointments
fell this year



Next-gen (age 50 or younger) director
appointments also fell this year



60.1

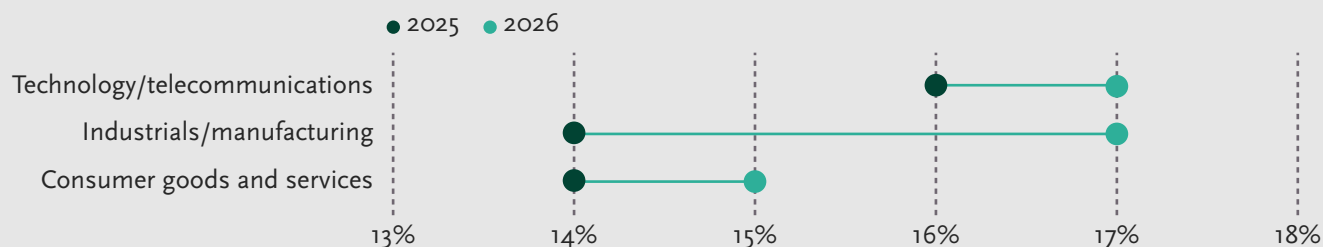
The average age rose to 60.1
Up from 59.1 in 2025

The majority of new directors
are retired



AND APPOINTEES' EXPERTISE REFLECTS A RANGE OF SECTOR PERSPECTIVES

Industrials, technology and consumer remain the top three sector backgrounds of director appointees:



CEOs and financial pros dominate new appointments

This year, 37% of all new directors are CEOs, an increase of seven percentage points from last year. This is the highest share since a peak of 42% in 2012. Overall, 64% of incoming directors bring CEO or financial experience, up from 59% in 2025.

Retired individuals again represent the majority of appointments.

PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUNDS OF NEW INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

	2026	2025	2021	2016
CEOs	37%	30%	23%	32%
<i>Active</i>	15%	12%	12%	16%
<i>Retired</i>	21%	18%	11%	16%
Chairs/presidents/COOs	5%	4%	3%	5%
<i>Active</i>	2%	2%	2%	3%
<i>Retired</i>	4%	3%	1%	2%
Financial services	27%	29%	24%	28%
<i>Financial executives/CFOs/treasurers</i>	12%	16%	10%	8%
<i>Bankers/investment bankers</i>	4%	4%	4%	4%
<i>Investment managers/investors</i>	8%	8%	9%	13%
<i>Public accounting executives</i>	4%	2%	1%	3%
Functional leaders	13%	15%	21%	13%
P&L leaders	7%	10%	14%	10%
Total				
<i>Active</i>	46%	41%	56%	53%
<i>Retired</i>	54%	59%	44%	47%



Younger director appointments continue to decline

New directors averaged 60.1 years of age, up from 59.1 years in 2025. The youngest new director to join a board in 2026 was 29 years old. The oldest was 77, the same as last year. The average age of sitting independent directors is 63.8.

Next-generation (next-gen) new directors (those aged 50 or under) represent 10% of the incoming class, down from 11% in 2025. The majority (86%) of next-gen appointees are actively employed.

AGE PROFILE OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

	2026	2025	2021	2016
Average age of all independent directors	63.8	63.6	63.1	63
Average age of new independent directors	60.1	59.1	57.5	57.3
Average age of new first-time directors	57.1	57.4	54.1	56.2
Next-gen directors (% of incoming class)	10%	11%	16%	15%
Next-gen first-time directors (% of incoming class)	5%	5%	10%	n/a

First-time director appointments also continue to decline

First-time public company directors account for 24% of the class of 2026, down from 31% last year and 34% in 2024. Most (62%) are actively employed, compared with 40% of directors with prior public board service.

More than half of first-time appointments (55%) offer financial experience or functional expertise. Financial executives (CFOs, bankers, investors and accounting executives) make up 34% of the first timers.

Fewer independent directors retired from boards this year

In 2026, 377 independent directors left S&P 500 board service, down 10% from last year. Departing directors averaged 67.5 years of age and 11.3 years of board tenure. As in previous years, most directors left boards in their 70s (50%); 37% departed in their 60s.

Fewer departing directors are subject to mandatory retirement age policies: 63% in 2026, down from 69% in 2025 and 73% in 2024. Among those subject to such policies, 32% retired on or after the mandatory retirement age, up from 30% last year, and 55% left more than three years before reaching it.

Directors subject to mandatory retirement policies left 6.4 years before the mandatory retirement age, compared with 6.2 years in 2025 and 5.6 years in 2022. The share of departing directors with at least 15 years of tenure fell sharply, from 30% in 2025 to 17% in 2026.

Women independent directors continue to join and leave boards earlier than men. New women directors are, on average, two years younger than men and are more likely to retire in their 60s; men are more likely to retire in their 70s.

Diverse appointments drop

The share of director appointments filled by diverse* executives declined in 2026.

Women account for fewer director appointments this year, and the percentage of boards expanding to add one or more women directors is unchanged since last year at 10%.

However, the share of new directors who self-identify as underrepresented minorities increased slightly, and more boards have expanded to add one or more directors from this group: 6%, compared with 5% in 2025.

DIVERSE DIRECTORS IN THE NEW S&P 500 CLASS

	2026	2025	2021	2016	Five-year change	10-year change
New diverse directors	40%	46%	72%	42%	-44%	-5%
New women directors	29%	38%	43%	32%	-33%	-9%
New directors who self-identify as underrepresented minorities	18%	17%	47%	15%	-62%	20%
<i>Black or African American</i>	4%	5%	33%	8%	-88%	-50%
<i>Asian</i>	10%	6%	7%	2%	43%	400%
<i>Hispanic or Latinx</i>	3%	5%	7%	5%	-57%	-40%
<i>Native American or Alaska Native</i>	0%	0%	<1%	0%	n/a	n/a
<i>Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander</i>	0%	0%	0%	0%	n/a	n/a
<i>Two or more races or ethnicities (multiracial)</i>	1%	1%	<1%	0%	n/a	n/a
LGBTQ+ disclosed	0%	0%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Women directors represent a smaller share of underrepresented minority appointments in 2026: 7%, compared with 9% last year.

Diverse appointments reflect a broad range of professional experiences

Diverse director appointments are more likely than non-diverse appointments to come from functional leadership roles (e.g., CHRO, CMO, CTO).

Among new women independent directors, over half bring CEO or financial experience, with a notable increase in CEO backgrounds driven by retired CEOs, who accounted for 17% of appointments, compared with 6% last year. The number of women serving as S&P 500 CEOs increased by 4%, from 46 in 2025 to 48 in 2026.

Among new directors who self-identify as an underrepresented minority, half are functional executives or bring CEO experience. CEO representation has grown since last year, from 22% to 24%. There's been a rise in the number of underrepresented minorities serving as CEOs overall: from 67 in 2025 to 74 in 2026 (a 10% increase).

PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUNDS OF NEW INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS BY GENDER AND UNDERREPRESENTED-MINORITY STATUS

	Women	Men	Underrepresented minorities	Non-underrepresented minorities
CEOs	24%	42%	25%	39%
<i>Active</i>	7%	19%	11%	16%
<i>Retired</i>	17%	23%	14%	23%
Chairs/presidents/COOs	2%	7%	11%	4%
<i>Active</i>	1%	2%	6%	1%
<i>Retired</i>	1%	5%	5%	3%
Financial backgrounds	30%	25%	10%	31%
<i>Financial executives/CFOs/treasurers</i>	10%	12%	5%	13%
<i>Bankers/investment bankers</i>	4%	3%	2%	4%
<i>Investment managers/investors</i>	8%	8%	3%	9%
<i>Public accounting executives</i>	8%	2%	0%	5%
Functional leaders	19%	10%	26%	10%
P&L leaders	8%	7%	11%	6%

Diverse next-gen and first-time director appointments fall

The average age of diverse new directors increased slightly in 2026, though they remain younger than new directors who are not diverse.

AGE PROFILE OF DIVERSE NEW DIRECTORS

	2026	2025
Average age of new non-diverse directors	60.4	59.3
Average age of diverse new directors	59.2	58.4
Average age of non-diverse first-time directors	60.0	58.8
Average age of diverse first-time directors	54.1	57.8

The share of diverse next-gen appointments fell sharply, dropping to 44% in 2026 from 65% in 2025. Women continue to make up the majority of this group, but both the representation of women and the proportion of next-gen directors who self-identify as underrepresented minorities declined significantly from last year.

Boards also appointed fewer first-time directors from diverse backgrounds. The representation of women has declined significantly to 29% from 47% in 2025, and the proportion of first-time directors who self-identify as underrepresented minorities continues to fall from its 2021 peak — from 65% then to 15% in 2026.

DIVERSITY AMONG NEW NEXT-GEN AND FIRST-TIME DIRECTORS

	Next-gen		First-time	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Diverse directors	44%	65%	38%	56%
Directors who are women	39%	63%	29%	47%
<i>Women who self-identify as underrepresented minorities</i>	11%	25%	6%	12%
Directors who self-identify as underrepresented minorities	17%	28%	15%	21%
<i>Asian</i>	11%	18%	9%	8%
<i>Black or African American</i>	3%	3%	1%	7%
<i>Hispanic or Latinx</i>	3%	8%	5%	6%
<i>Native American or Alaska Native</i>	0%	0%	0%	0%
<i>Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander</i>	0%	0%	0%	0%
<i>Two or more races or ethnicities (multiracial)</i>	0%	0%	0%	0%

Global experience remains part of the boardroom mix

S&P 500 boards have significantly decreased their appointment of directors who have worked abroad, continuing a downward trend in recent years.

The proportion of new directors born outside the U.S. has increased one percentage point from last year to 20% and has more than doubled from a decade ago (8%).

2026 NEW INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS: INTERNATIONAL BACKGROUNDS AND EXPERIENCE

	2026	2025
Worked in an international location	32%	40%
Non-U.S. new directors	20%	19%

S&P 500 boards are prioritizing technological and manufacturing backgrounds

Technology/telecommunications and industrial/manufacturing are the most common industry backgrounds of the class of 2026, each accounting for 17% of appointments. The last time industrial/manufacturing was the leading industry background for new directors was in 2001.

Technology/telecommunications is the most common industry background for new next-gen directors, new women directors and new directors who self-identify as underrepresented minorities.

INDUSTRY BACKGROUNDS OF NEW INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

	All directors	Next-gen	Women	Underrepresented minorities
Technology/telecommunications	17%	33%	18%	26%
Industrial/manufacturing	17%	11%	10%	15%
Consumer goods and services	15%	14%	16%	18%
Private equity/investment management	9%	14%	8%	3%
Financial services	8%	3%	6%	8%
13 other sectors	36%	26%	44%	30%

Highlights: Diversity — S&P 500 directors

BOARD DIVERSITY HOLDS STEADY AS BOARDS PULL BACK ON DISCLOSURE

While boardroom diversity in the S&P 500 has remained largely flat, a more notable shift is emerging: fewer boards are disclosing diversity data and formal policies.

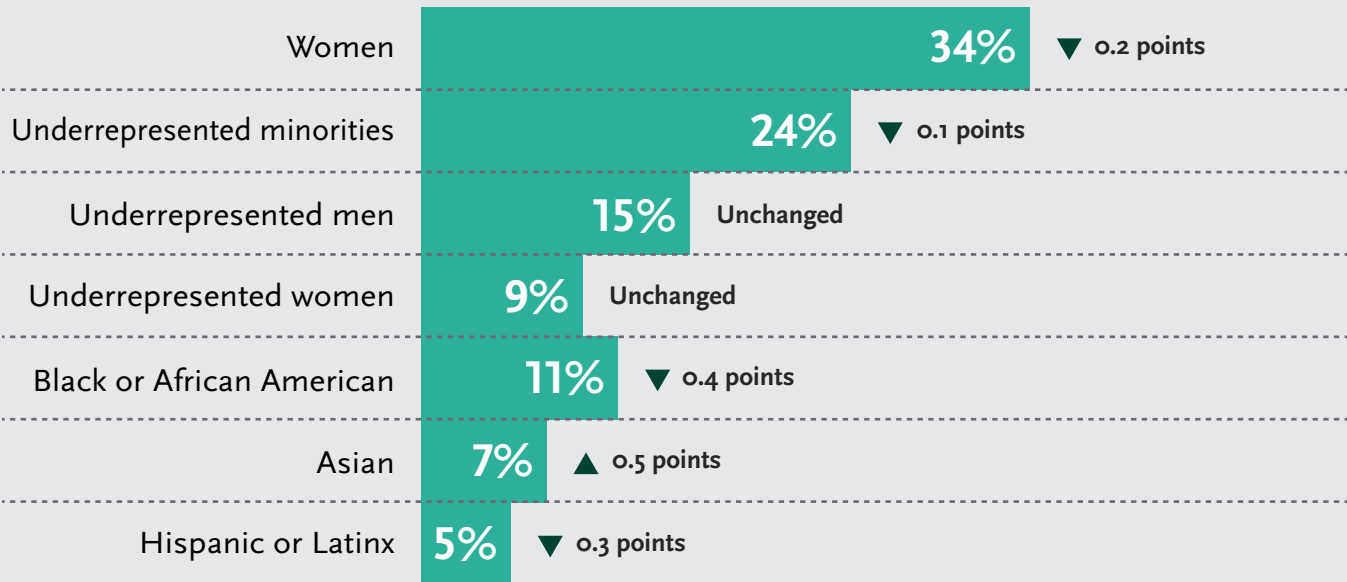
DIVERSITY IN THE BOARDROOM IS FLAT

49% of S&P 500 directors identify as diverse
Down marginally from 49.6% in 2025 to 49.3%

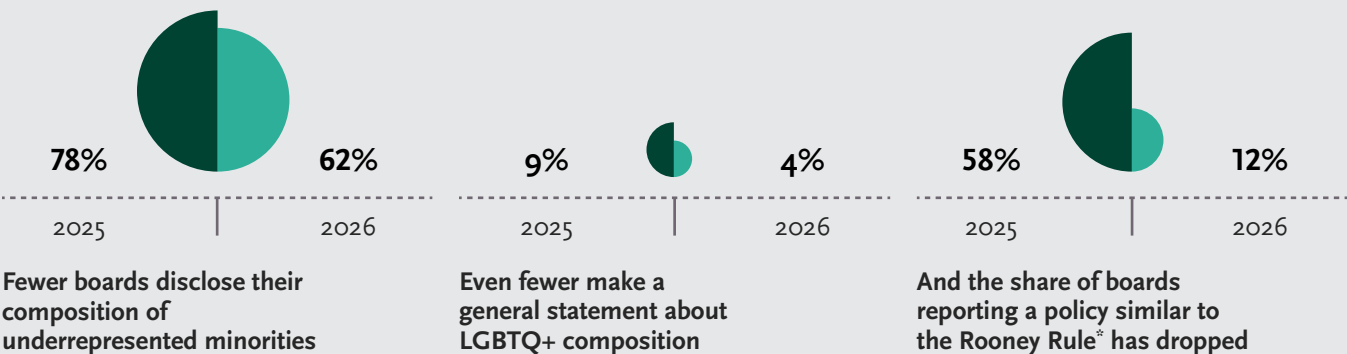
24% of directors self-identify as underrepresented minorities
Unchanged from 2025

WITH ONLY DECIMAL POINT SHIFTS IN REPRESENTATION FROM 2025

Of all S&P 500 directors, representation is as follows



BOARDS ARE MOVING AWAY FROM FORMAL DIVERSITY POLICIES

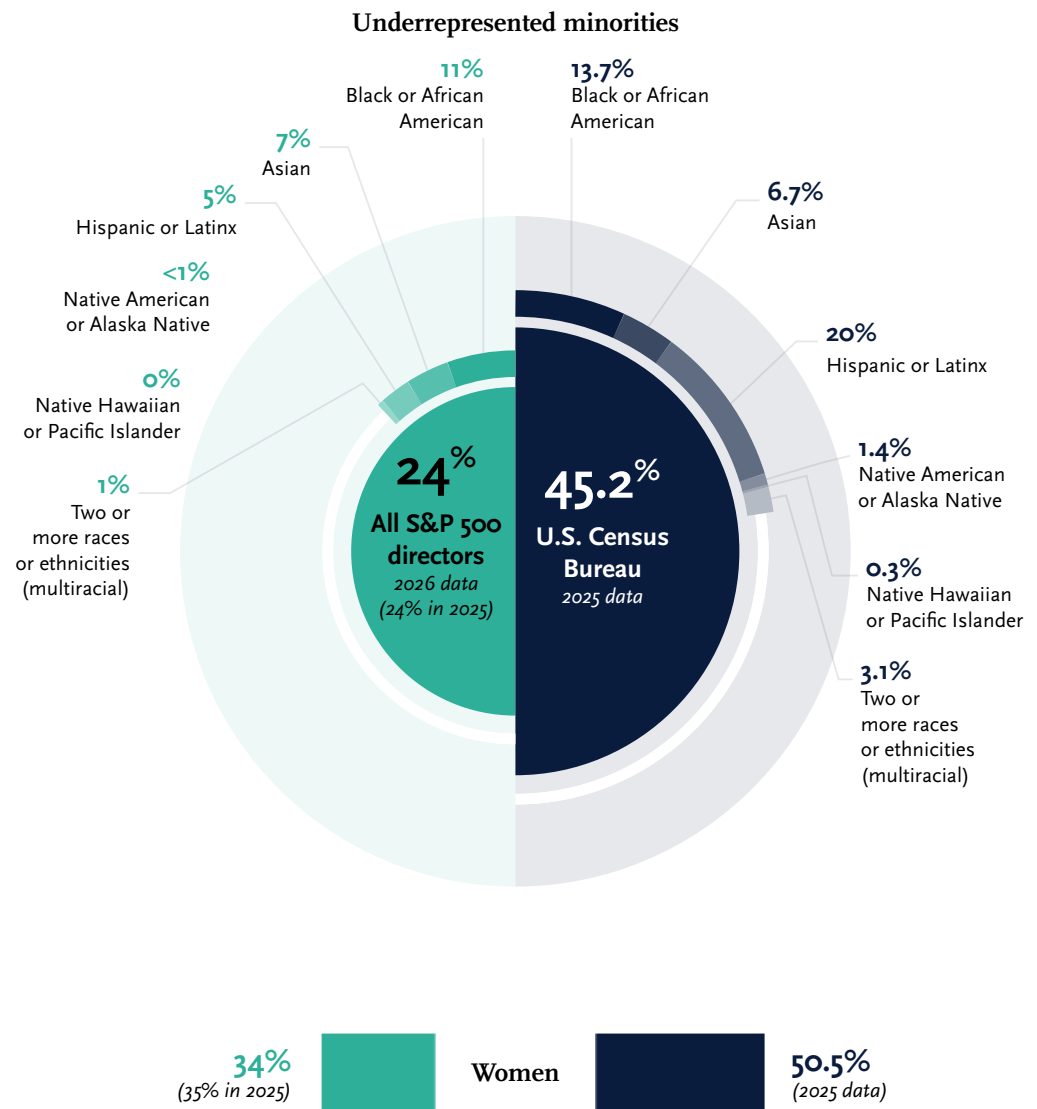


*Commitment to including individuals from diverse groups in the candidate pool when recruiting new directors

Diversity in the boardroom is largely unchanged

Diversity in the S&P 500 continues to plateau. Representation of underrepresented minorities remains flat at 24%, while the representation of women marginally declined by 0.2 percentage points, from 34.6% to 34.4%. Similarly, overall diversity fell by just 0.3 percentage points, from 49.6% to 49.3%.

BOARD DIVERSITY COMPARED WITH THE U.S. POPULATION



Underrepresented minority representation is unchanged

Like last year, 24% of S&P 500 directors self-identify as underrepresented minorities, up from 21% in 2021 and 15% in 2016.

All but eight boards (98%) have at least one director who self-identifies as an underrepresented minority. This is a decrease from last year (99%), when just five boards did not have at least one director who self-identified as an underrepresented minority. But it is still a meaningful increase from a decade ago (88%).

The gender distribution is unchanged from last year. Notably, the proportion of women directors in this group has more than doubled since 2016. Two boards disclosed having a director who self-identifies as LGBTQ+.

DIRECTORS WHO SELF-IDENTIFY AS UNDERREPRESENTED MINORITIES

	2026	2025	2021	2016
Directors who self-identify as an underrepresented minority	24%	24%	21%	15%
% women	9%	9%	7%	4%
% men	15%	15%	14%	11%
Boards with at least one director who self-identifies as an underrepresented minority	98%	99%	93%	88%

Women make up more than a third of S&P 500 directors

Like last year, women account for just over a third of S&P 500 directors (34% vs. 35% in 2025). This is a 16% increase from five years ago and a 62% increase from a decade ago.

S&P 500 boards average four women directors, the same as last year, compared with three in 2021 and two in 2016. Nearly all boards (99%) have two or more women directors; only four boards have just one.

WOMEN DIRECTORS

	2026	2025	2021	2016
Women directors as a % of all S&P 500 directors	34%	35%	30%	21%
Boards with at least one woman director	100%	100%	100%	99%
Boards with at least two women directors	99%	99%	96%	77%
Average number of women directors on all S&P 500 boards	3.7	3.7	3.2	2.3

BOARD COMPOSITION BY GENDER

	Women	Men
2026 Total average board size: 10.6	 3.7	 6.9
2021 Total average board size: 10.8	 3.2	 7.6
2016 Total average board size: 10.8	 2.3	 8.5

Diverse representation in board leadership is a mixed picture

Women's representation among independent board chairs increased in 2026, while the share of women lead directors declined slightly from last year.

The representation of women among committee chairs continued to grow, particularly on audit committees and across compensation and nominating/governance committees.

Representation of directors who self-identify as underrepresented minorities in board leadership roles is broadly unchanged from 2025. Their committee leadership generally increased year over year.

BOARD AND COMMITTEE LEADERSHIP ROLES

	Women		Underrepresented minorities	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Independent board chair	21%	19%	10%	10%
Lead director	23%	25%	3%	3%
Committee chair				
<i>Audit committee chair</i>	39%	34%	18%	18%
<i>Compensation committee chair</i>	40%	37%	22%	20%
<i>Nominating/governance committee chair</i>	43%	40%	22%	21%

Boards are moving away from formal diversity policies

Companies continue to pull back on disclosing aggregate information on directors who self-identify as underrepresented minorities. We see a similar trend in LGBTQ+ disclosures.

The share of boards observing a policy like the Rooney Rule, which requires the inclusion of individuals from diverse groups in the candidate pool when recruiting new directors, has fallen sharply: from 58% in 2025 to 12% in 2026. In 2021, 39% of boards observed such policies.

DISCLOSURE OF BOARD DIVERSITY

	2026	2025	2024
Boards disclosing the composition of underrepresented minorities*	62%	78%	99%
Boards making a general statement on LGBTQ+ composition	4%	9%	28%
Boards with a Rooney Rule-like policy	12%	58%	58%

* This includes general statements on diversity composition, as well as identification by director

Editor's note

These data draw on the latest proxy statements from 488 companies, filed between May 1, 2025, and April 30, 2026.

The content presented herein is for informational purposes only. Spencer Stuart has presented this information in good faith and in accordance with applicable laws. Diversity information contained herein was compiled from a variety of sources, and we believe it is directionally accurate; however, we do not warrant the accuracy of such information. You agree not to use this information in violation of any applicable law.

Proxy bios and publicly available information do not always reveal where in the world an individual has worked, their racial or ethnic background, or LGBTQ+ identity. As a result, figures for these metrics may be undercounted.

Data in tables may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

* Defining diverse directors

Our reporting on diverse directors aligns with the former Nasdaq Board Diversity Rule. For purposes of this report, a “diverse director” is defined as an individual who identifies as:

- » A woman, without regard to designated sex at birth
- » One or more of the following racial or ethnic groups: Black or African American, Hispanic or Latinx, Asian, Native American or Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, or two or more races or ethnicities (“underrepresented minority”)
- » Lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender or a member of the queer community (“LGBTQ+”).

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